

Science on the Landscape for California and the Pacific West

The Western Ecological Research Center (WERC)

WERC is a U.S. Geological Survey science center serving California, Nevada and the greater Pacific West — the most ecologically diverse geographic region in the United States.

As part of the USGS mission to survey the ecosystems and organisms of our Nation and its global partners, WERC provides scientific information and products that help natural resource managers address critical issues in our changing world.



Avian Influenza Transmission

Working with the United Nations, WERC scientists use satellite telemetry to find links between bird flu outbreaks and waterfowl migration routes. http://www.werc.usgs.gov/takekawa



Sea Level Rise and Coastlines

Coastal managers need science-based

tools to plan for climate change. WERC

surveys and models will offer forecasts

for wetlands of the U.S. West Coast.

http://www.werc.usgs.gov/SFBaySLR

Wildfire Risk to Communities

Why do some neighborhoods burn and

others don't? WERC provides research

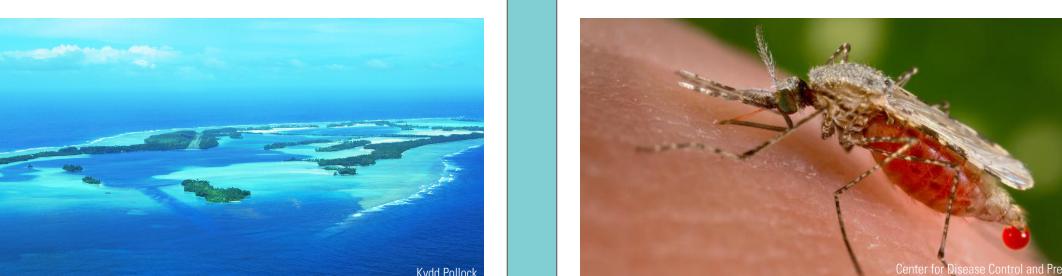
http://www.werc.usgs.gov/socalfirerisk

and tools to help Southern California

communities plan for wildfires.

Marine Hotspots and Migrations

Aerial surveys and tracking studies let WERC scientists pinpoint hotspots of seabirds and marine mammals, helping inform marine resource management. http://www.werc.usgs.gov/adams



Invasive Species Biosecurity

WERC research is helping Pacific island nations recover from and stop invasions of rats, snakes and other alien species. http://www.werc.usgs.gov/fisher http://www.werc.usgs.gov/palmyra

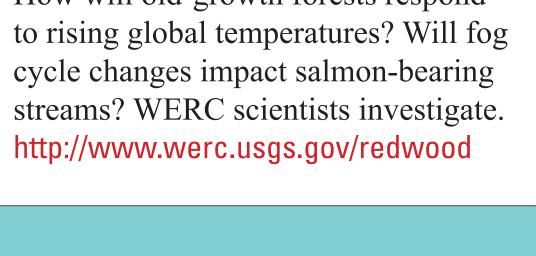


Parasites and Tropical Diseases

Parasites and microbes are often overlooked in ecological surveys, but WERC studies their interactions with ecosystem health and human communities. http://www.werc.usgs.gov/lafferty



North Coast Riparian Systems How will old-growth forests respond





Waterfowl and Wetlands

What effects do wetland conservation acreage and water supply decisions have on the biomass of waterfowl species? WERC scientists seek the answers. http://www.werc.usgs.gov/fleskes



Greater Sage-Grouse Modeling

Vegetation, telemetry and nest surveys help create a habitat suitability map to help Nevada industry and state offices manage the sagebrush-steppe biome. http://www.werc.usgs.gov/casazza



California Biodiversity

WERC conducts surveys on amphibian, reptile and bird communities from the Central Valley to the Bay-Delta. http://www.werc.usgs.gov/pointreyes http://www.werc.usgs.gov/sfbe



Redwood Field Station

WERC Headquarters Dixon Field Station

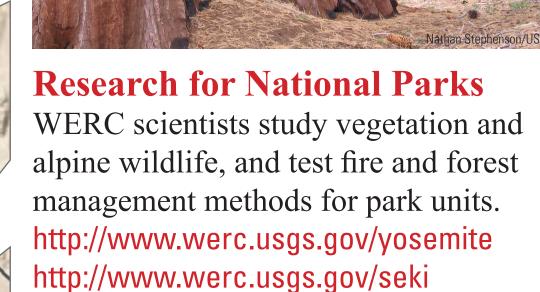
San Francisco Bay Estuary Field Station



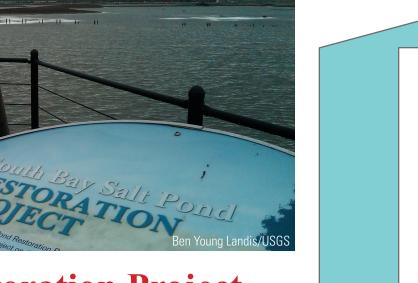
Santa Cruz Field Station

Davis Field Station

Sequoia and Kings Canyon **Field Station**



Las Vegas Field Station



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http://www.werc.usgs.gov/yee

http://www.werc.usgs.gov/tinker

Salt Pond Restoration Project

WERC studies on mercury toxicity and marsh ecology are guiding restoration of ecosystem services to Silicon Valley. http://on.doi.gov/southbayrestoration http://www.werc.usgs.gov/ackerman



Each year, WERC scientists survey the population of this threatened species, working with partners statewide to study stressors hindering sea otter recovery. http://www.werc.usgs.gov/tinker



Ken Nussear/USGS The Future of the Mojave Desert From desert tortoises to blackbrush,

WERC surveys and models help guide management plans for desert land-use. http://www.werc.usgs.gov/boxsprings http://www.werc.usgs.gov/lasvegas



Human Barriers to Wildlife

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How do species cope with Southern California's suburban wilderness? Local governments look to WERC for answers. http://www.werc.usgs.gov/sandiego



http://www.werc.usgs.gov/samo

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Channel Islands Ecology

Together with Channel Islands National

Park, WERC monitors rare and endemic

plants and seeks to understand how these

unique fog-driven ecosystems function.

http://www.werc.usgs.gov/mceachern